



National
Qualifications
2023

X833/76/22

TUESDAY, 25 APRIL
11:20 AM – 12:10 PM

**Geography
Global Issues and
Geographical Skills
Ordnance Survey Map**

The colours used in the printing of these map extracts are indicated in the four little boxes at the top of the map extract. Each box should contain a colour; if any does not, the map is incomplete and should be returned to the Invigilator.





Four colours should appear above; if not then please return to the invigilator.
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ROADS AND PATHS

- Motorway
Dual carriageway
Main road
Secondary road
Narrow road with passing places
Road under construction
Road generally more than 4 m wide
Road generally less than 4 m wide
Other road, drive or track, fenced and unfenced
Gradient: steeper than 20% (1 in 5)
14% (1 in 7) to 20% (1 in 5)
Ferry
Path

RAILWAYS

- Multiple track
Standard gauge
Narrow gauge, tramway or light rail system and station
Road over; road under; level crossing
Cutting; tunnel; embankment
Station, open to passengers; siding

PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY

- Footpath
Bridleway
Byway open to all traffic
Restricted byway (not for use by mechanically propelled vehicles)
The representation on this map of any other road, track or path is no evidence of the existence of a right of way.

OTHER PUBLIC ACCESS

- Other routes with public access
The exact nature of the rights on these routes and the existence of any restrictions may be checked with the local highway authority. Alignments are based on the best information available.
Recreational route
National Trail
Permissive footpath
Permissive bridleway
Footpaths and bridleways along which landowners have permitted public use but which are not rights of way. The agreement may be withdrawn.
Traffic-free cycle route
National cycle network route number
- traffic free; on road

BOUNDARIES

- National
County (England)
Unitary Authority (UA), Metropolitan District (Met Dist), London Borough (LB) or District (Scotland & Wales are solely Unitary Authorities)
Civil Parish (CP) (England) or Community (C) (Wales)
National Park

HISTORICAL FEATURES

- Site of antiquity
Site of battle (with date)
Roman
Non-Roman
Visible earthwork

Information sourced from Historic England, Historic Environment Scotland and the Royal Commission on the Ancient and Historical Monuments of Wales.

GENERAL FEATURES

- Gravel pit
Sand pit
Other pit or quarry
Landfill site or slag/spoil heap
Solar farm
Slopes
Place of worship
Current or former place of worship
- with tower
- with spire, minaret or dome
Building; important building
Glasshouse
Youth hostel
Bunkhouse / camping barn / other hostel
Bus or coach station
Lighthouse; disused lighthouse
Beacon
Triangulation pillar
Mast
Windmill with or without sails
Wind pump; wind turbine
Electricity transmission line
Boundary post
Boundary stone
Cattle grid
Clubhouse
Footbridge
Milepost; milestone
Monument
Post office
Police station
School
Town hall
Normal tidal limit
Well; spring

HEIGHTS AND NATURAL FEATURES

- Ground survey height
Air survey height
Surface heights are to the nearest metre above mean sea level. Where two heights are shown, the first is the height of the natural ground in the location of the triangulation pillar, and the second in brackets to a separate point which is the highest natural summit.
Contours
Vertical face/cliff
Outcrop
Scree
Loose rock
Boulders
Water; mud
Sand; sand and shingle

ACCESS LAND

- Firing and test ranges in the area. Danger
Observe warning notices
Access information point
Access land
Access land in wooded area
within sand
Coastal margin

Portrayal of access land on this map is intended as a guide to land normally available for access on foot, for example access land created under the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000, and land managed by the National Trust, Forestry Commission, Woodland Trust and Natural Resources Wales.
Access for other activities may also exist. Some restrictions will apply; some land will be excluded from open access rights.
The depiction of rights of access does not imply or express any warranty as to its accuracy or completeness. Observe local signs and follow the Countryside Code.

TOURIST AND LEISURE INFORMATION

- Building of historic interest
Boat hire
Boat trips
Cadw (Welsh heritage)
Camp site or Caravan site
Castle or fort
Cathedral or Abbey
Craft centre
Country park
Cycle hire
Cycle trail
English Heritage
Fishing
Forestry Commission visitor centre
Garden or arboretum
Golf course or links
Historic Scotland
Horse riding
Information centre, seasonal
Museum
Mountain bike trail
Nature reserve
National Trust property
Other tourist feature
Parking / Park and ride, all year / seasonal
Phone; public, emergency
Picnic site
Preserved railway
Public house(s)
Public toilets
Recreation, leisure or sports centre
Slipway
Theme or pleasure park
Viewpoint
Visitor centre
Walks or trails
Water activities (board)
Water activities (paddle)
Water activities (powered)
Water activities (sailing)
Watersports centre (multi-activity)
World Heritage site or area

VEGETATION

- Vegetation limits are defined by positioning of symbols
Coniferous trees
Non-coniferous trees
Coppice
Orchard
Scrub
Bracken, heath or rough grassland
Marsh, reeds or saltings

- Access permitted within managed controls, for example, local bylaws.
National Trust for Scotland, always open
National Trust for Scotland, limited access - observe local signs
Forestry and Land Scotland, normally open - observe local signs
Woodland Trust Land

In Scotland, everyone has access rights in law (Land Reform Scotland Act 2003) over most land and inland water, provided access is exercised responsibly. This includes walking, cycling, horse-riding and water access, for recreational and educational purposes, and for crossing land or water. Access rights do not apply to motorised activities, hunting, shooting or fishing, nor if your dog is not under proper control.

